ETS REVIEW



A view from an Energy Intensive Industry

Brussels, February 2008





















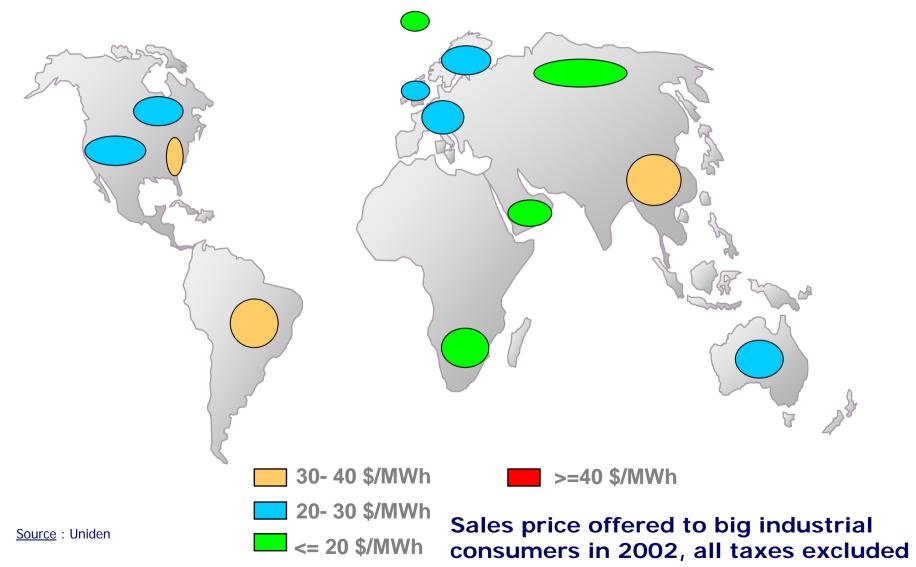


Executive summary

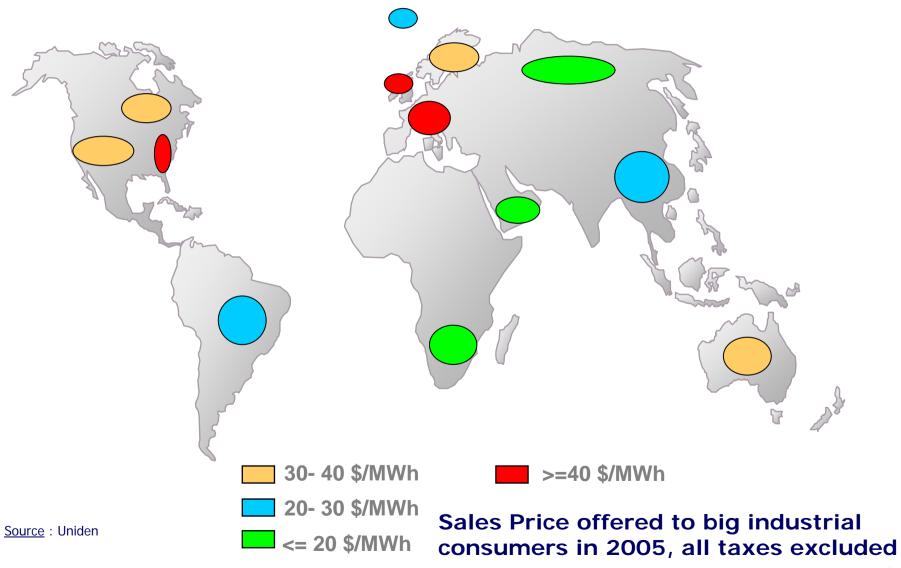
- ➤ there is no structural reason for the EU power markets to be uncompetitive as Europe has a favourable primary energy mix, including hydro, nuclear and coal
- > the recognition of market failures and plans for improvements are essential
- introduction of ETS has exacerbated the problem and the Review has not solved it

No reason for the EU power market to be uncompetitive

A favourable primary energy mix, including hydro, nuclear and coal

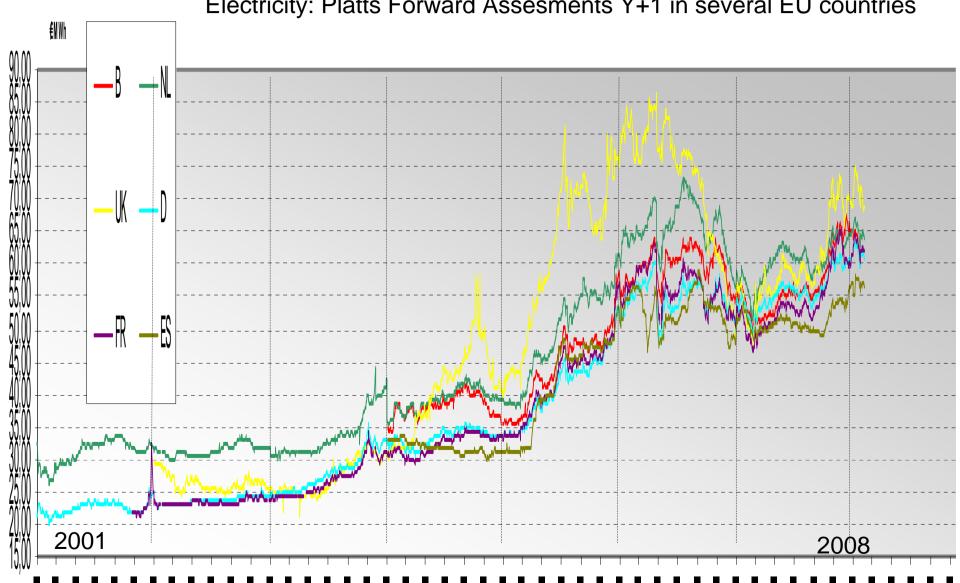


Look what happened in two years

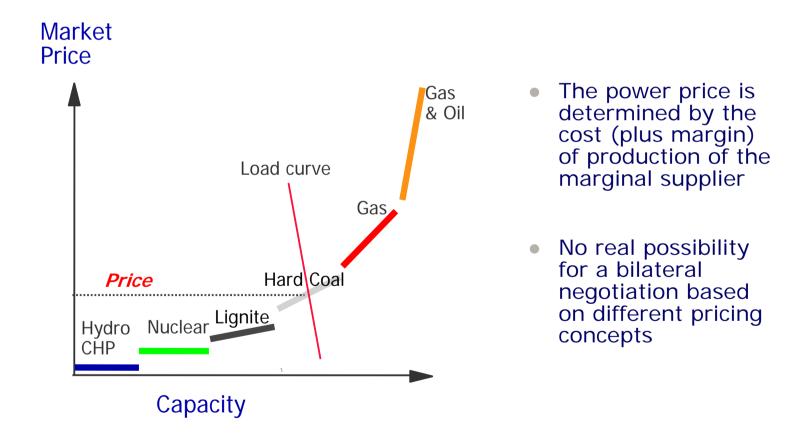


Evolution of the electricity price

Electricity: Platts Forward Assesments Y+1 in several EU countries

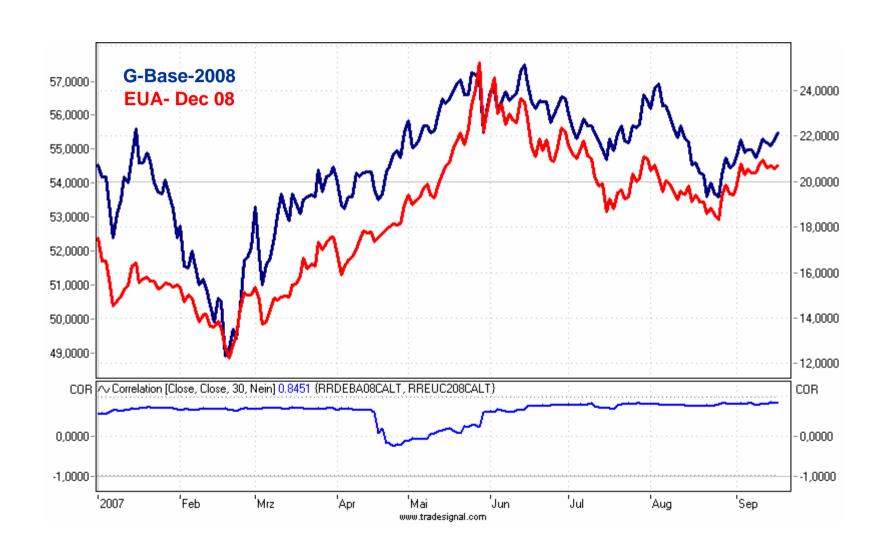


Cost of electricity: merit order illustration



... based on the cost of the most expensive supplier

Correlation between CO2 and the power price German power vs carbon (Cal 08 vs Dec 08)



ETS REVIEW

A common view from the Energy Intensive Industries





















INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF INDUSTRIAL ENERGY CONSUMERS

IFIEC Europe

CERAME-UNIE
LIAISON OFFICE OF THE EUROPEAN CERAMIC INDUSTRY

Ell support market based mechanisms

- To accelerate real GHG reductions
- To stimulate the development of new solutions
- To give business flexibility

However, we are far from an effective global system; the world remains divided on how best to tackle climate change

The EU ETS is not without defects

- Exclusive focus on industrial sectors
- Distributional effects had not been taken into account
- The impact of CO2 cost pass-through into electricity prices
- No certainty on prices & timing
- Unilateral process

What is needed?

- FII are part of the solution
- FETS Review must preserve EII competitiveness
- ETS Review must better define the scope
- All EII sectors must receive free allocation
- ETS should allow for growth
- © ETS should exclude small emitters
- Own generation must not be disadvantaged
- Electricity price impact must be compensated
- For some sectors, equal treatment for domestic production / imports

Specific recommendations

- Ell should not bear a disproportionate burden
- 2005 should not be the reference year
- A flat-rate reduction allows no flexibility
- Lack of clarity on what constitutes an international agreement
- Use of CERs and ERUs must not be restricted
- The Review must provide certainty within a reasonable timeframe