





	Sorina 200	7 Economic Outlook	r for Germany: Ansv	vers from BDA and I	der Deutschen Arbeitgeberverbände	Deutschen Industrie e.v.
MAIN FORECAST	-pg		•			
Real GDP growth Consumer price inflation		2006 2,7 1,4	2007 2,0 2,0	2008 1,5 1,6		
Unemployment rate Employment growth		8,1 0,6	7,5 1,2	7,1 1,0		
Components of aggregate demand						
Annual % change Private consumption Public consumption Investment (Gross fixed capital form Exports	nation)	2006 0,6 1,7 5,3 12,4	2007 0,5 0,5 5,0 7,0	2008 0,8 0,7 3,5 5,0		
Imports		12,1	6,0	4,0		
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT Question 1	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months	Industry Services	Negative	Officialiged			
Question 2 Trend in profitability over the next 6	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
months	Industry		Services			
Question 3 Trend in investment over the next 6 months (compared to the last 12	Increase (faster pace)	Increase (slower pace) Industry Services	Unchanged	Decrease (slower pace)	Decrease (faster pace)	
months) Question 4	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
Driving force behind investment decisions in the next six months	Same	Up	Same	Up		
Question 5 Trend in consumer confidence over the next 6 months	Positive yes	Negative	Unchanged			
Question 6 Industry: past 6 months Industry: next 6 months Services: past 6 months Services: next 6 months						
Overall trend in employment	Up	Up	Up	Up		
Question 7 Compared to 6 months ago, SME's cost/access to capital for business development	Higher / more difficult	Same Cost Access	Lower / less difficult			
MAIN RISKS	Dallanana					
Above which level of dollar /euro will the European economy be significantly hurt?	Dollar per euro 1,40					
Question 9	Dollar per euro					
Where will the dollar / euro stand in October 2007 ?	1,40					
POLICYMIX						
Question 10	Excellent	Satisfactory	Neither satisfactory nor unsatisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Deteriorating	
Fiscal policy: Progress towards the medium-term budgetary objective?			yes			
Question 11	Tight, appropriate for the euro area	Tight	Appropriate	Loose	Loose, appropriate for the euro area	
Monetary policy is			yes			
Question 12	Robust growth and above-target inflation	Downside risks to growth	Risks to price stability from high oil prices	Risks to price stability from indirect tax increases	Risks from money supply growth	Risks of euro appreciation
ECB policy: Focus on elements of the ECB analysis underlying its current policy stance is	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	insufficient	appropriate

Consistency between the fiscal and the monetary policies

Adequate yes

Inadequate