



## **AUTUMNS 2012 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR LITHUANIA: ANSWERS FROM LPK**

MAIN FORECAST						
Annual % change		2012	2013			
Real GDP growth		2.9	3.1			
Consumer price inflation		2,9	2.4			
Unemployment rate		13.4	11.9			
Employment growth		1,4	1,5			
Hourly wage growth		3,5	2,9			
Hourly labour productivity growth		n/a	n/a			
annual hours worked per person employed		n/a	n/a			
government net lending (% of GDP)		-3.2	-2,8			
gross public debt (% of GDP)		41.6	40,8			
current account balance (% of GDP	)	-2,9	-3,0			
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over	, oaitive	Negative	Industry			
the next 6 months			ilidustry			
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in profitability over the next 6 months		Industry				
	Increase (faster pace)	Increase (slower pace)	Unchanged	Decrease (slower pace)	Decrease (faster pace)	
Investment intentions over the next 6 months		Industry				
	Global demand	Domestic demand	Cost of finance	Availability of finance	Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisation
Influence on companies' investment decisions	na	na	na	na	negative	negative
	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
investment decisions in the next 6 months	na	na	na	na		
	Industry: past 6 months	Industry: next 6 months	Services: past 6 months	Services: next 6 months		
Overall trend in employment	Up	Same	na	na		





Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs				
ger companies (>250 employees)				
Over the next 6 months, cost	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs	restramed	ap / more annear	Cost	down / easier
rger companies (>250 employees)			Cost	
ger companies (>250 employees,			Access	
	Measures to improve bank lending capacity	Facilitating access to capital markets (croporate bonds and stock markets)	Improving conditions for equity financing	
Measures to alleviate current financial difficulties for SMEs	Moderate effect	Very limited effect	Very limited effect	Very limited effect
	Measures to improve bank lending capacity	Facilitating access to capital markets (croporate bonds and stock markets)	Improving conditions for equity financing	
Measures to alleviate current financial difficulties for midsize and large companies	Very limited effect	Very limited effect	Very important effect	Very limited effect