



JUNE 2012 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR PORTUGAL: ANSWERS FROM AIP AND CIP

MAIN FORECAST						
Annual % change		2012	2013			
Real GDP growth		-3,0	0,6			
Consumer price inflation		3,2	1,3			
Unemployment rate		15,3	15,3			
Employment growth		-3,6	-0,7			
government net lending (% of GDP)		-4,5	-3,0			
gross public debt (% of GDP)		113,1	115,7			
current account balance (% of GDP)		-4,0	-2,0			
		4,0	2,0			
Components of aggregate demand - in re	al terms					
Annual % change						
Private consumption		-6,3	-0,7			
Public consumption		-2,9	-2,6			
Investment (Gross Fi1ed Capital Formation)		-9,8	-0,6			
Private non-residential investment		0,0	0,0			
E1ports		3,4	5,6			
Imports		-6,4	1,6			
in porto		0,1	1,0			
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next		Industry	-			
6 months		Services				
o monuis		Services				
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in profitability over the next 6		Industry	-			
months						
monuis		Services				
	Increase	Increase	11	Decrease	Decrease	
Investment intentions over the next 6	(faster pace)	(slower pace)	Unchanged	(slower pace)	(faster pace)	
				Industry		
months				maastry		
monuis					Services	
	Global demand	Domestic demand	Cost of finance	Availability of finance	Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisation
Influence on companies' investment decisions	negative	negative	negative	negative	negative	neutral
	Denterent	Fretanaian	Detterreliertier	h		
Driving force behind investment	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
decisions in the next 6 months	positive	negative	positive	positive		
	Industry: past 6 months	Industry: next 6 months	Services: past 6 month	s Services: next 6 months		
Overall trend in employment	Down	Down	Down	Down		
	Down	Down	Down	Down		



ACCESS TO FINANCE AND IMPACT OF THE CRISIS ON POTENTIAL GROWTH

Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been for SMEs	sharply up / restrained Cost Access	up / more difficult	same Demand for finance	down / easier		
for larger companies (>250 employees)		Cost Access	Demand for finance			
Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been for SMEs	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same Demand for finance Cost Access	down / easier		
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Demand for finance Cost Access			
	Investment	Inventories and working capital	Internal Financing	lssuance of debt securities	Economic Outlook	
Factors contributing to the demand of bank lending	Very negative effect	Very positive effect	Neutral effect	Neutral effect	Negative effect	
	Bank's capital position	Bank's liquidity position	Access to market financing	Financial Regulation	Economic Outlook	ECB Long term refinancing operations
Factors contributing to the supply of bank lending	Negative effect	Negative effect	Very negative effect	Negative effect	Negative effect	Positive effect