



SPRING 2012 REFORM BAROMETER - DENMARK

				Level			Rank		Gap		Areas of Action
			2010	2011	Change	2010	2011	change	EU top 5	Gap 1	
	1	GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity- PPP)	30446	31194	2,5%	8	9	-1	NL AT IE SE DK	-3%	
	2	GDP per capita (€ at 2000 prices)	37451	37807	0,9%	4	4	0	DK IE SE NL AT	8%	
Pillar I	3	Labour productivity per hour worked (PPP)	39,1	40,3	3,0%	9	9	0	NL BE FR IE DE	-10%	
	4	Labour productivity per person employed (PPP)	60154	61968	3,0%	13	13	0	IE BE AT FR NL	-10%	
	5	Private investment (excluding non residential, %GDP)	6,2	5,5	-0,7	11	13	-2	SK AT BE IT CZ	-2,9	
	6	Industrial activity (% total value added)	18,7	18,5	-0,2	19	20	-1	SK CZ IE RO HU	-12,0	
	7	R&D expenditure (% GDP) *	3,1	3,1	0,0	5	5	0	FI SE DK DE AT	-0,1	
	8	Operating surplus (% total value added)	37,1	37,9	0,8	24	25	-1	BG GR RO LT IE	-17,2	
	9	Current Account (% GDP)	5,2	6,3	1,1	6	4	2	SE DK NL LU DE	0,6	
	10	Export market share (gain from 2000)	-8,9	-8,1	0,8	26	23	3	LT RO HU BG CZ	-71,3	
ar =	11	Net export contribution to GDP	0,1	1,3	1,1	20	12	8	PT IE GR SK HU	-1,8	
Pillar	12	Relative yearly gain in global trade share (% total trade)	-0,14	-0,03	0,1	29	22	7	EE LT LV BG CZ	-0,14	
	13	Relative unit labour cost (gain from 2000)	11,9	10,8	-1,1	23	22	1	DE SE AT PL GR	17,8	
	14	High-tech exports (% total exports) **	10,7	12,3	1,6	17	16	1	MT LU HU IE CY	-17,7	
	15	Employment rate (% working age population)	73,4	72,9	-0,6	9	7	2	AT NL LU DE CY	2,5	
	16	Employment rate 15-24 (% population 15-24)	58,1	57,4	-0,8	4	4	0	NL DK AT DE UK	4,0	
≡	17	Employment rate 55-64 (% population 55-64)	57,6	58,3	0,7	8	8	0	SE DE DK UK FI	-2,3	
Pillar	18	Annual hours worked (per capita)	1537	1538	0,0%	26	26	0	PL PT CZ GR HU	-22%	
Ē	19	Labour participation (% working age population)	81,1	81,1	0,0	5	5	0	SE DK NL PT DE	1,4	
	20	Working age population (as % total population)	65,3	64,9	-0,4	29	30	-1	SK PL CY LT RO	0,9	
	21	Unemployment rate (% labour force)	6,9	6,3	-0,6	9	7	2	AT NL LU DK MT	0,9	
	22	Gross debt - general government (% GDP)	43,7	44,1	0,4	10	9	1	EE BG LU RO SE	21,5	
	23	Net debt - general government (% GDP)*	4,5	2,5	-2,0	3	3	0	EE DK BG RO SE	-2,9	
≥	24	Government budget balance (% GDP)	-2,6	-4,0	-1,4	7	13	-6	HU SE EE LU FI	-2,5	
Pillar	25	Primary balance (% GDP)	-0,9	-2,2	-1,3	10	17	-7	HU SE DE EE IT	-4,7	
Ē	26	Tax burden (% GDP)	49,3	47,6	0,0	32	32	0	BG LT LV RO SK	19,7	
		Highest marginal tax rate, individual rate (%)	55,4	55,4	0	31	31	0	BG CZ LT RO SK	0	
	28	Public investment (% total public expenditure)	3,9	4,2	0,1	29	28	1	RO PL BG LV LT	-10,8	
	29	Net foreign assets (% GDP) *	-3,1	-7,9	-4,8	7	7	0	LU NL CY BE DE	67,8	
			80,8	97,3	16,5	13	12	1	BE IT MT NL CY	-73,5	
>	31	Net financial liabilities, non financial corporations (% GDP)*	-80,4	-90,5	-10,1	5	5	0	SK DE NL GR DK	30,1	
Pillar	32	Regulatory tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets *	13,9	13,9	0,0	7	11	-4	EE BE MT LU RO	-1,0	
₫.		Non performing loans to total gross loans	3,3	3,5	0,2	12	8	4	FI LU SE AT BE	-8,5	
		Loans to private sector (% GDP) *	220,4	212,2	-8,2	23	24	-1	RO SK PL CZ LT	160,5	
	35	Bank liabilities (%GDP) *	345,8	333,5	-12,4	20	20	0	RO SK PL LT BG	253	

Five best
Lowest third

- 1. Percentage points, when not indicated otherwise
- * 2009/ 2010 data ** 2008/ 2009 data

A methodological note can be found in the report or here.



PRIORITIES FOR REFORM IN 2012

	I. Policy Area	II. Concrete Recommendations		_
			Yes	No
Priority 1	10	Dismiss early retirement sheme, increase pension age and reform disability pension scheme	x	
Priority 2	19	Dismiss top bracket income tax and lower corporate tax		x
Priority 3	12	Increase the education level, get young people to engage in education earlier and reduce the actual duration of education	Goals set, but no concrete measusres	
Priority 4	17	Reduce the relative size of the public sector by increasing efficiency		x
Priority 5	23	Strictly monitor the liquidity situation of the banking sector	х	

Policy areas

- **1.** Business Environment Regulatory barriers to entrepreneurship
- **2.** Business Dynamics Start-up conditions
- 3. R&D and Innovation
- **4.** ICT
- **5.** Competition policy framework
- **6.** Sector specific regulation (telecom, energy)
- **7.** Market integration Openness to trade and investment
- 8. Active labour market policies
- 9. Job protection
- **10.** Labour supply measures for specific groups (older workers, women...)
- 11. Wage bargaining and wage-setting policies
- 12. Labour market mismatch and labour mobility
- **13.** Making work-pay: interplay of tax and benefit system
- 14. Pension and health care reforms
- **15.** Quality of fiscal institutions and budgetary framework
- **16.** Consolidation of public expenditures
- **17.** Public sector efficiency
- 18. Public investment
- 19. Tax reforms
- 20. Access to bond markets
- **21.** Access to equity markets
- 22. Venture capital and SME financing instruments
- 23. Bank lending conditions
- **24.** Long term investment instruments



REFORM PROGRESS IN 2011

	I. Policy Area	II. Concrete Recommendations	III. Are the proposed recommendations already in the agenda of your Government?		How do you assess reform progress over the past year? (1 for excellent progress; 5 for no progress) *		Are these priorities properly identified in the National Reform Programme submitted by your governmnet in 2011?	
			Yes	No	Comments	Rank	Yes	No
Priority 1	10	Dismiss early retirement sheme, increase pension age and reform disability pension scheme	yes, bur we have a minority government		Not implementet yet	2	х	
Priority 2	13	Dismiss top bracket income tax		No		4		х
Priority 3	8	Increase the education level, get young people to engage in education earlier and reduce the actual duration of education	Goals set, but no concrete measures		Goals set, but no concrete measusres introduced	4	х	
Priority 4	19	Lower corporate taxes		No		5		х
Priority 5	17	Reduce the relative size of the public sector by increasing efficiency	yes, but more is needed		New government is not committed	5	х	

^{*} Please see list of areas on page 2 "reform priorities for 2012"

^{*}Rank of reform progress: 1. Excellent/ no further progress nedeed; 2. Satisfactory; 3. Mixed; 4. Unsatisfactory; 5. No progress



REFORM PROGRESS IN OVERALL POLICY AREAS 2011

	Excellent	Satisfactory	Mixed	Unsatisfactory	No progress
Productivity and investment					х
International competitiveness					х
Labour market			х		
Public finances				x	
Financial stability			x		



EUROPEAN SEMESTER

1. Do you believe the European Semester will bring a real change to policy coordination in Europe?

Yes, absolutely	To a large extent	To some extent	Not enough	Not at all
	х			

2. Basing your analysis on the National Reform Programme submitted by your government, would you consider that it reveals a greater commitment from your country to this process?

Yes, absolutely	To a large extent	To some extent	Not enough	Not at all
			х	

3. Do you believe the National Reform Programme submitted by your government properly reflects the key challenges in your county?

Yes, absolutely	To a large extent	To some extent	Not enough	Not at all
	х			

4. The Commission's country specific recommendations for your country are:

1		1		Excessively harsh
		х		

5. Are the country-specific recommendations being properly implemented?

Yes, abso	lutely	To a large extent	To some extent	Not enough	Not at all
				х	

6. Are commitments concerning the euro plus pact properly addressed by your government in the NRP?

Yes, absolutely	To a large extent	To some extent	Not enough	Not at all
	х			

7. Do you believe the Commission recommendations in this area to be appropriate?

Yes, absolutely	To a large extent	To some extent	Not enough	Not at all
	х			