



NOVEMBER 2011 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR THE NETHERLANDS: ANSWERS FROM VNO-NCW

MAIN FORECAST						
Annual % change		2011	2012			
Real GDP growth		1,5	1,0			
Consumer price inflation		2,5	2,0			
Unemployment rate		4,3	4,3			
Employment growth		-0,3	0,0			
government net lending (% of GDP)		-4,2	-2,9			
gross public debt (% of GDP)		64,6	65,6			
current account balance (% of GDP)		0,0	0,0			
Components of aggregate demand - in re-	al terms					
Annual % change						
Private consumption		0,0	0,3			
Public consumption		0,0	-1,3			
Investment (Gross Fixed Capital Formation)		9,3	3,3			
Private non-residential investment		3,5	4,3			
Exports		6,5	3,8			
Imports		6,3	2,8			
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT Trend in business climate over the next	Positive	Negative Industry	Unchanged			
	Positive	_	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next	Positive Positive	Industry	Unchanged Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months		Industry Services Negative				
Trend in business climate over the next		Industry Services Negative Industry				
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6		Industry Services Negative Industry Services				
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6		Industry Services Negative Industry		Decrease (slower pace)	Decrease (faster pace)	
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6	Positive	Industry Services Negative Industry Services Increase	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months	Positive	Industry Services Negative Industry Services Increase (slower pace)	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Investment intentions over the next 6	Positive	Industry Services Negative Industry Services Increase (slower pace) Industry	Unchanged			Capacity Utilisation
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Investment intentions over the next 6	Positive Increase (faster pace)	Industry Services Negative Industry Services Increase (slower pace) Industry Services	Unchanged Unchanged	(slower pace)	(faster pace)	Capacity Utilisation
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Investment intentions over the next 6 months Influence on companies' investment	Positive Increase (faster pace) Global demand	Industry Services Negative Industry Services Increase (slower pace) Industry Services Domestic demand	Unchanged Unchanged Cost of finance	(slower pace) Availability of finance	(faster pace) Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisation

Overall trend in employment

Up

Down

Uр

Down





ACCESS TO FINANCE AND IMPACT	T OF THE CRISIS ON P	OTENTIAL GROWTH			
Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been for SMEs	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same Cost Access	down / easier	
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Access	Cost	
Over the next 6 months, cost /access to finance will be for SMEs	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult Access	same Cost	down / easier	
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Access	Cost	
_					
	Consolidation of banking sector balance sheets	Access to capital markets	Engcouraging equity financing through tax reforms	Better use of existing EU instruments (including EIB)	Greater potential for Public-Private- Partnerships
Measures to alleviate current financial difficulties for SMEs	Moderate effect	Moderate effect	Very limited effect	Very limited effect	Moderate effect
	Consolidation of banking sector balance sheets	Access to capital markets	Encouraging equity financing through tax reforms	Better use of existing EU instruments (including EIB)	Greater potential for Public-Private- Partnerships
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Monetary policy is	Tight, appropriate for the euro area	Tight	Appropriate yes	Loose	Loose, appropriate fo the euro area
	adequate	inadequate			
Consistency between fiscal and monetary policies	yes	-			
	excellent committment	satisfactory committment	neither satisfactory nor unsatisfactory	unsatisfactory committment	no clear committmen creating an extremely
Regarding the sustainability of public		yes	unballolactory		
Exit Strategies Tight fiscal rules and more effective institutions	excessive focus	sufficient focus	satisfactory nor unsufficier	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
Greater efficiency of public Credible cost-cutting measures Increased scope of public-private		yes yes yes			
Reform of pension systems Improved efficiency of healthcare sector		yes yes			
Entry Strategies More and better-targeted education and	excessive focus	sufficient focus	satisfactory nor unsufficier	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
training More and better targeted R&D and Prioritisation of infrastructure		yes yes			
investments Growth enhancing tax reforms		yes		yes	
	respect the 3% limit	be in balance			
In 2015, the government deficit will	yes	no			



