



AUTUMN 2010 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR BELGIUM: ANSWERS FROM FEB-VBO

MAIN FORECAST						
Annual % change		2010	2011			
Real GDP growth		1.8	1.7			
Consumer price inflation		2.2	2.0			
Unemployment rate		8.7	9.0			
Employment growth		0.2	0.1			
government net lending (% of GDP)		-4.8	-4.6			
gross public debt (% of GDP)		100.2	103.1			
current account balance (% of GDP)		1.8	1.7			
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Components of aggregate deman	d - in real terms					
Annual % change	u iii i oui toi iiio					
Private consumption		1.6	1.4			
Public consumption		1.4	1.2			
Investment (Gross Fixed Capital Formation)		-1.2	2.9			
Private non-residential investment		-0.5	2.3			
Exports		7.8	3.9			
Imports		7.3	3.9			
imports		1.0	0.0			
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next	Industry					
6 months	Services					
- monars	Services					
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in profitability over the next 6		guare	Industry			
months			•			
monuis			Services			
	Increase	Increase		Decrease	Decrease	
	(faster pace)	(slower pace)	Unchanged	(slower pace)	(faster pace)	
Investment intentions over the next 6		(Siewer pace)		(Slower pace)	(laster pace)	
months	Industry					
monuis	Services					
	Global demand	Domestic demand	Cost of finance	Availability of finance	Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisation
Influence on companies' investment	100		a sudant	a sectoral	a section!	
decisions	positive	positive	neutral	neutral	neutral	negative
	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
Companies' most important investment	neutral	negative	positive	neutral		
needs	Heutiai	negative	ροσιτίνο	Houlia		
ı	Industry: past 6 months	Industry: next 6 months	Services: past 6 month	s Services: next 6 months		
Overall trend in employment	Down	Same	Up	Up		
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ACCESS TO FINANCE AND IMP	ACT OF THE CRISIS (ON POTENTIAL GRO	DWTH	
Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs				Cost Access
for larger companies (>250 employees)				Cost Access
Over the next 6 months, cost /access to finance will be for SMEs	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same Cost Access	down / easier
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Cost Access	
	Measures to improve bank lending capacity	Facilitating access to capital markets (croporate bonds and stock markets)	Improving conditions for equity financing	
Measures to alleviate current financial difficulties for SMEs	Important effect	Moderate effect	Important effect	





POLICY MIX

	respect the 3% limit	be in balance				
Growth enhancing tax reforms				yes		
nvestments				yes		
nnovation efforts Prioritisation of infrastructure				yes		
More and better targeted R&D and						
raining				yes		
Entry Strategies More and better-targeted education and	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored	
sector				yes		
mproved efficiency of healthcare				yes		
partnerships Reform of pension systems			yes	Vec		
ncreased scope of public-private						
Credible cost-cutting measures				yes		
Greater efficiency of public administrations				yes		
Fight fiscal rules and more effective nstitutions			yes			
Exit Strategies	excessive focus	sufficient focus	unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored	
			neither satisfactory nor		- farian-	
inances, government shows			yes			
Regarding the sustainability of public			Vec			
	excellent committment	satisfactory committment	neither satisfactory nor unsatisfactory committment	unsatisfactory committment	no clear committment creating an extremely worrying situation	
nonetary policies	y 0.5					
Consistency between fiscal and	adequate yes	inadequate				
nonetary poncy is			yes			
Monetary policy is	the euro area	tight	appropriate	loose	the euro area	
	tight, appropriate for				loose, appropriate for	