BUSINESSEUROPE



Spring 2007 Economic Outlook for Sweden: Answers from SN

MAIN FORECAST						
MAIN FOREGAST		2006	2007	2008		
Real GDP growth		4,5	3,4	2,7		
Consumer price inflation		1,4	1,9	2,0		
Unemployment rate		5,4	5,4	5,1		
Employment growth		2,0	1,4	1,1		
Components of aggregate demand						
Annual % change		2006	2007	2008		
Private consumption		3,0	3,3	2,5		
Public consumption		1,4	1,7	1,7		
Investment (Gross fixed capital form	ation)	8,0	4,0	2,0		
Exports		9,0	4,1	2,9		
Imports		7,5	4,2	2,0		
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
Question 1 Trend in business climate over the	Positive	Negative	Unchanged Industry			
next 6 months	Services		maastry			
Quantian 2	Booiting	Negotivo	Inchanged			
Question 2 Trend in profitability over the next 6	Positive	Negative	Unchanged Industry			
months	Services					
Over a time 0	Inc			D	D	
Question 3	mcrease (taster pace)	Increase (slower pace)	-	Decrease (slower pace)	Decrease (faster pace)	
Trend in investment over the next 6			Industry			
months (compared to the last 12 months)		Services				
			.			
Question 4	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
Driving force behind investment decisions in the next six months	Same	Same	Same	Same		
Question 5	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in consumer confidence over the next 6 months	yes					
Question 6	Industry: past 6 months	Industry: next 6 months	Services: past 6 months	Services: next 6 months		
Overall trend in employment	Same	Up	Up	Up		
Question 7	l linker / mene difficult	Cama	Lower / less difficult			
	Higher / more difficult	Same	Lower / less difficult			
Compared to 6 months ago, SME's cost/access to capital for business	Cost					
development		Access				
MAIN RISKS						
Question 8	Dollar per euro					
Above which level of dollar /euro						
will the European economy be	1,45					
significantly hurt?						
Question 9	Dollar per euro					
Where will the dollar / euro stand	1,33					
in October 2007 ?	1,00					
POLICYMIX						
			Neither satisfactory nor			
Question 10	Excellent	Satisfactory	unsatisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Deteriorating	
			-			
Fiscal policy: Progress towards the	yes					
medium-term budgetary objective?						
Question 11	Tight, appropriate for	Tight	Appropriate	Loose	Loose, appropriate for	
	the euro area				the euro area	
Monotory policy in			yes			
Monetary policy is						
Monetary policy is				Dicke to price stability		
	Robust growth and	Downside risks to	Risks to price stability	Risks to price stability from indirect tax	Risks from money	Risks of euro
Question 12	Robust growth and above-target inflation	Downside risks to growth	Risks to price stability from high oil prices	Risks to price stability from indirect tax increases	Risks from money supply growth	Risks of euro appreciation
Question 12	-			from indirect tax		
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of	above-target inflation	growth	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation
Question 12	-			from indirect tax		
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of the ECB analysis underlying its current policy stance is	above-target inflation	growth appropriate	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of the ECB analysis underlying its current policy stance is Question 13	above-target inflation	growth	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation
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