BUSINESSEUROPE



Spring 2007 Economic Outlook for Norway: Answers from NHO

	opi mg					
MAIN FORECAST		2006	2007	2008		
Real GDP growth		2,3	4,0	3,0		
Consumer price inflation		2,3	1,8	2,0		
Unemployment rate		3,3	2,8	2,8		
Employment growth		3,0	2,3	2,0		
Components of aggregate demand						
Annual % change		2006	2007	2008		
Private consumption		4,3	4,0	3,0		
Public consumption		2,8	3,8	4,0		
Investment (Gross fixed capital form	nation)	7,5	3,8	4,0		
Exports		2,0	6,0	4,0		
Imports		8,8	7,5	5,0		
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
Question 1	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the		Ū	Industry			
next 6 months	Services					
Question 2	Positive	Nogotivo	Unobongod			
Trend in profitability over the next 6		Negative	Unchanged			
months	Services					
- · · · -						
Question 3	Increase (faster pace)	Increase (slower pace)	Unchanged	Decrease (slower pace)	Decrease (faster pace)	
Trend in investment over the next 6	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
months (compared to the last 12		Industry				
months)		Services				
,						
Question 4	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
Driving force behind investment	Up	Up	Up	Up		
decisions in the next six months	- F		-1	-1		
Question 5	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in consumer confidence over	FUSITIVE	Negative	Unchangeu			
the next 6 months	yes					
Question 6	Industry: past 6 months	Industry: next 6 months	Services: past 6 months	Services: next 6 months		
Overall trend in employment	Up	Up	Up	Up		
	op	00	Op	op		
Question 7	Higher / more difficult	Same	Lower / less difficult			
Compared to 6 months ago, SME's	-					
cost/access to capital for business	Cost					
development		Access				
MAIN RISKS	Delles and some					
Question 8 Above which level of dollar /euro	Dollar per euro					
will the European economy be	na					
significantly hurt ?	na					
0 7						
Question 9	Dollar per euro					
Where will the dollar / euro stand	na					
in October 2007 ?	na					
POLICYMIX						
			Neither			
Question 10	Excellent	Satisfactory	Neither satisfactory nor unsatisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Deteriorating	
			unsatistactory			
Fiscal policy: Progress towards the						
medium-term budgetary objective?			yes			
Question 11	Tight, appropriate for	Tight	Appropriate	Loose	Loose, appropriate for	
	the euro area		- 1-b. eb. 1910		the euro area	
			yes			
Monetary policy is						
Monetary policy is						
Monetary policy is				Risks to price stability		
	Robust growth and	Downside risks to	Risks to price stability	Risks to price stability from indirect tax	Risks from money	Risks of euro
Monetary policy is Question 12	Robust growth and above-target inflation	Downside risks to growth	Risks to price stability from high oil prices	from indirect tax	Risks from money supply growth	Risks of euro appreciation
Question 12	-				•	
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of	above-target inflation	growth	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of the ECB analysis underlying its	-			from indirect tax	•	
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of the ECB analysis underlying its	above-target inflation	growth	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of the ECB analysis underlying its current policy stance is	above-target inflation	growth	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation
	above-target inflation	growth insufficient Inadequate	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation
Question 12 ECB policy: Focus on elements of the ECB analysis underlying its current policy stance is Question 13	above-target inflation	growth	from high oil prices	from indirect tax increases	supply growth	appreciation